

COMPASSIONATE PRACTICE POLICY

PRN-27 Compassionate Practice Policy

Company Name: AI Auto-Tech Ltd

Trading/Business Name: Trusted Companionship

Company Registration Number: 15556946

SIC Code: 88100 – Social Work Activities Without Accommodation for the Elderly and Disabled

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1. Purpose

The purpose of this policy is to ensure that all employees, volunteers, and representatives of the organisation consistently provide compassionate, caring, respectful, and person-centred support to older people and adults with disabilities.

The organisation recognises that compassion is fundamental to promoting wellbeing, reducing loneliness, supporting independence, enhancing dignity, and improving quality of life.

As a Non-Accommodation Companionship and Wellbeing Support Service, compassion forms the foundation of every interaction, service, and relationship.

2. Scope

This policy applies to:

- Employees
- Volunteers
- Managers
- Directors
- Trustees
- Agency workers
- Students and work placements

The policy applies to all organisational activities including:

- Home visits

- Community support
 - Companionship services
 - Wellbeing checks
 - Telephone support
 - Online support
 - Group activities
 - Community engagement activities
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3. Policy Statement

The organisation is committed to ensuring that every individual receives support that is:

- Kind
- Respectful
- Empathetic
- Dignified
- Inclusive
- Responsive
- Person-centred

We believe that compassionate practice contributes significantly to:

- Emotional wellbeing
- Mental wellbeing
- Self-esteem
- Confidence
- Quality of life
- Social inclusion
- Positive outcomes

All employees and volunteers are expected to demonstrate compassion through both their actions and attitudes.

4. Principles of Compassionate Practice

The organisation promotes the following principles:

Kindness

Treating people with warmth, thoughtfulness, and genuine care.

Empathy

Seeking to understand another person's experiences, feelings, and perspectives.

Respect

Valuing every individual regardless of age, disability, health condition, background, culture, or beliefs.

Dignity

Recognising and protecting a person's self-worth, independence, and privacy.

Patience

Providing individuals with sufficient time to communicate, participate, and make decisions.

Inclusion

Ensuring individuals feel valued, welcomed, and involved.

Responsiveness

Responding appropriately and sensitively to people's needs and circumstances.

5. What Compassionate Practice Means

Compassionate practice means:

- Listening without judgement.
- Showing genuine interest in people's lives.
- Responding with sensitivity and understanding.
- Recognising when a person may be distressed.
- Supporting emotional wellbeing.
- Valuing each person's individuality.
- Acting in ways that promote trust and confidence.

Compassionate practice goes beyond completing tasks and focuses on building meaningful and supportive relationships.

6. Delivering Compassionate Support

Employees and volunteers should:

- Introduce themselves politely.
- Use respectful language.
- Demonstrate active listening.
- Acknowledge emotions and feelings.
- Provide reassurance when appropriate.
- Promote dignity and independence.
- Encourage participation.
- Adapt support to individual needs.

All interactions should demonstrate genuine care and concern for the wellbeing of the person being supported.

7. Active Listening

Active listening is a key component of compassionate practice.

Employees and volunteers should:

- Give full attention.
- Maintain appropriate eye contact.
- Avoid interrupting.
- Reflect back understanding.
- Ask open and respectful questions.
- Allow time for responses.

Individuals should feel heard, understood, and valued.

8. Understanding Loneliness and Social Isolation

Many people accessing companionship and wellbeing support may experience:

- Loneliness
- Social isolation
- Bereavement
- Reduced confidence
- Anxiety
- Depression
- Loss of independence

Employees and volunteers must recognise the emotional impact that these experiences may have.

Support should seek to:

- Reduce isolation.
- Strengthen social connections.
- Encourage community participation.
- Promote emotional wellbeing.

9. Promoting Emotional Wellbeing

Employees and volunteers should:

- Acknowledge emotional experiences.
- Demonstrate empathy.
- Provide reassurance.
- Encourage positive coping strategies.
- Help individuals access support services where required.

Compassionate support can significantly improve emotional wellbeing and resilience.

10. Supporting People Through Loss and Change

Individuals may experience significant life events including:

- Bereavement
- Illness

- Retirement
- Loss of mobility
- Changes in independence
- Relocation

Employees and volunteers should:

- Respond sensitively.
 - Respect different coping mechanisms.
 - Avoid judgement.
 - Offer support and encouragement.
 - Signpost specialist services when appropriate.
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11. Person-Centred Compassion

Compassionate practice must always be person-centred.

Employees and volunteers should seek to understand:

- What matters most to the individual.
- Their personal preferences.
- Their goals and aspirations.
- Their communication needs.
- Their cultural and spiritual beliefs.

Support should be tailored to the individual and not based on assumptions.

12. Respecting Diversity

Compassionate support requires respect for diversity.

Employees and volunteers must respect:

- Cultural beliefs
- Religious practices
- Language preferences
- Personal values

- Lifestyle choices
- Sexual orientation
- Gender identity
- Disability-related needs

Differences should be recognised and valued.

13. Dignity and Respect

Compassionate practice and dignity are closely interconnected.

Employees and volunteers must:

- Protect privacy.
- Respect confidentiality.
- Use appropriate language.
- Avoid patronising behaviour.
- Respect individual choices.
- Promote independence.

Every person should feel respected and valued.

14. Professional Boundaries

Compassionate practice must be delivered within professional boundaries.

Employees and volunteers must not:

- Create dependency relationships.
- Become overly involved in personal matters.
- Provide support outside agreed limits.
- Accept inappropriate gifts.
- Exploit relationships.

Compassion must always be balanced with professionalism.

15. Compassionate Communication

Communication should always be:

- Respectful
- Clear
- Honest
- Sensitive
- Non-judgemental

Employees and volunteers should be mindful of:

- Tone of voice
- Body language
- Cultural differences
- Communication barriers

Good communication helps build trust and positive relationships.

16. Reflective Practice

Employees and volunteers should regularly reflect on their interactions and practice.

Reflection may include:

- What worked well.
- What could have been improved.
- How the individual may have experienced the interaction.
- Lessons learned.

Reflective practice supports continuous improvement and compassionate service delivery.

17. Supporting Colleagues with Compassion

The organisation expects compassion to be demonstrated towards colleagues as well as service users.

Employees and volunteers should:

- Support one another.
- Work collaboratively.

- Communicate respectfully.
- Offer encouragement.
- Promote positive workplace relationships.

A compassionate workplace contributes to staff wellbeing and service quality.

18. Training and Development

Employees and volunteers will receive training relevant to their role, including:

- Compassionate practice
- Person-centred support
- Communication skills
- Emotional intelligence
- Equality and diversity
- Dignity and respect
- Safeguarding adults

Training records will be maintained and reviewed regularly.

19. Case Study

Scenario: Supporting an Older Adult Experiencing Loneliness

Mrs J is an 84-year-old widow who rarely leaves her home and reports feeling lonely following the loss of her spouse.

A wellbeing volunteer:

- Listens attentively to her experiences.
- Encourages discussion about activities she previously enjoyed.
- Supports her to reconnect with a local church group.
- Arranges accompanied attendance at a community coffee morning.

Over time, Mrs J develops new friendships and reports improved confidence and wellbeing.

This reflects compassionate practice because the support was:

- Respectful

- Empathetic
 - Person-centred
 - Outcome-focused
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20. Responsibilities

Directors

Responsible for:

- Promoting organisational values.
- Ensuring adequate resources and training.

Managers

Responsible for:

- Modelling compassionate leadership.
- Supporting staff and volunteers.
- Monitoring standards of practice.

Employees and Volunteers

Responsible for:

- Demonstrating compassion in all interactions.
 - Maintaining professional standards.
 - Promoting dignity and respect.
 - Participating in learning and development.
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21. Monitoring and Quality Assurance

The organisation will monitor compassionate practice through:

- Service user feedback
- Complaints and compliments
- Supervision sessions
- Observation of practice
- Volunteer feedback

- Quality assurance reviews

Feedback will be used to improve services and identify learning opportunities.

22. Review Arrangements

This policy will be reviewed:

- Annually
 - Following significant incidents
 - Following legislative changes
 - Following service reviews
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Related Policies

- Person-Centred Support Policy
- Emotional Intelligence Policy
- Dignity and Respect Policy
- Employee Wellbeing Policy
- Adult Safeguarding Policy
- Equality, Diversity and Inclusion Policy
- Confidentiality Policy